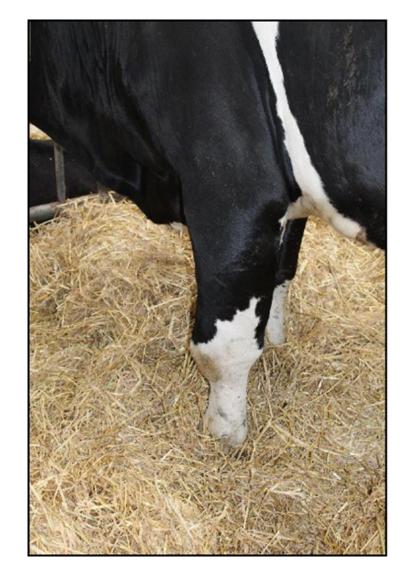


# Risk factors associated with Mycoplasma bovis outbreaks in Danish dairy herds 2010-2014



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# Background

- Increased focus on Mycoplasma bovis in the Danish cattle sector due to many atypical outbreaks since 2011
- Arthritis, pneumonia and mastitis in cows
- Arthritis, pneumonia and otitis media in calves
- Difficult to treat so culling or euthanasia often needed to control the infection in financial and welfare losses
- Little available knowledge about prevention and control

# Study objectives

To characterise and estimate duration of outbreaks and identify risk factors associated with clinical outbreaks of Mycoplasma bovis in Danish dairy herds

# **Materials & Methods**

- 504 dairy herds identified to contact based on:
  - test-positive in bulk tank milk ELISA or PCR
  - knowledge about outbreaks
  - previous or current project herds
- Online questionnaire + telephone interviews:
  - Questions on farmers' perception of outbreaks
  - Outbreak characteristics and management
- Logistic regression of 21 risk factors for clinical outbreak

# First question to the 324 dairy herds reached

Has there been an outbreak of Mycoplasma bovis in your cattle herd within the last 3 years?

- No, I have not had any sick animals with clinical signs of Mycoplasma bovis or No, I have not had an outbreak, but there have been sick animals that could have been infected with Mycoplasma bovis (n = 201)
- Yes, I have had a few sick animals with diagnosed Mycoplasma bovis or Yes, I have had an outbreak (sudden or large increase in disease occurrence) that could be caused by Mycoplasma bovis (n = 123)

# **75%**

# Conclusions

- 38% of the test-positive herds that we reached reported having experienced a clinical outbreak (bias?)
- Rarely long outbreaks, but frequently severe disease
- Prevention: Good internal biosecurity! Isolate the sick!

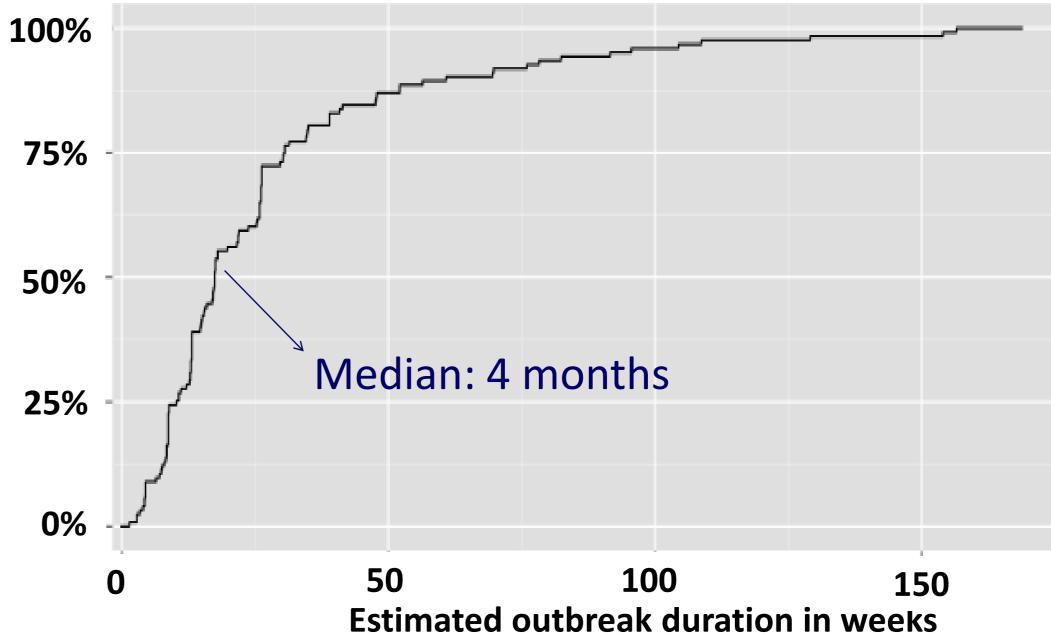
### Results

# **Outbreak characteristics**

- Mastitis in ~ 33% of outbreaks
- Otitis media in 28% of outbreaks
- Arthritis in cows in 21% of outbreaks
- Arthritis in young stock in 39%
- Pneumonia in cows in 60%
- Pneumonia in young stock in 43%
- Other clinical signs: reduced milk yield, fever, dead cows) in 73% of outbreaks



# **Outbreak duration**



**Fig. 1** Farmer estimated duration of *Mycoplasma bovis* outbreaks (n=123)

# Risk factors for outbreaks

- Herd size: OR = 2.7-11.3 for 450 vs. 300 cattle<sup>a</sup>
- Calving area: OR = 1.4-4.9 for >2 cows vs. 1 cowb
- Calves contact to other age groups: OR = 1.3-6.3<sup>b</sup>
- Sectioning >5 movements vs. <4: OR = 0.1-0.6<sup>b</sup>
- Use of cow sick pen: No vs. yes OR = 1.3-4.1<sup>b</sup> <sup>a</sup>P<0.001, <sup>b</sup>P<0.01